FUNGLINATE Development of a novel functional food enriched with $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ β -glucans of edible mushrooms from Greek habitats



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INTRODUCTION

B-glucans are polysaccharides in the cell wall of bacteria, fungi and cereals such as barley and oat. Fungal β -glucans are considered as biological response modulators and recently their interaction with the human **Gut Microbiota (GM)** is the object of intensive research. This project aims at characterizing the health promoting effects of edible mushrooms rich in β -glucans, in order to develop novel functional foods for the elderly.





Results are expected to contribute at:

- ✓ Assessing the <u>alterations of the faecal microbial populations</u> following fermentation and hence production of the main microbial metabolites
- ✓ Determining the *immunomodulatory effect* of fermentation supernatants on PBMCs
- ✓ Selecting of the most promising fungal strain to evaluate its *influence on the gut barrier function*
- ✓ Assessing the impact of the experimental food consumption on the *GM of mice and toxicological evaluation*
- ✓ Determining the potential effects of the experimental food on the <u>GM composition and function as well as the immune health of</u> <u>the elderly volunteers</u> (pilot cross-over study)

DISCUSSION

The development of nutritional products for preventing pathological conditions and improving the quality of life is of utmost importance for the consumer's health. The application of *in vitro, ex vivo* and *in vivo* methodologies for evaluating the biological activities of selected edible mushrooms rich in β -glucans, is expected to elucidate and establish the health-promoting properties of fungal β -glucans.

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